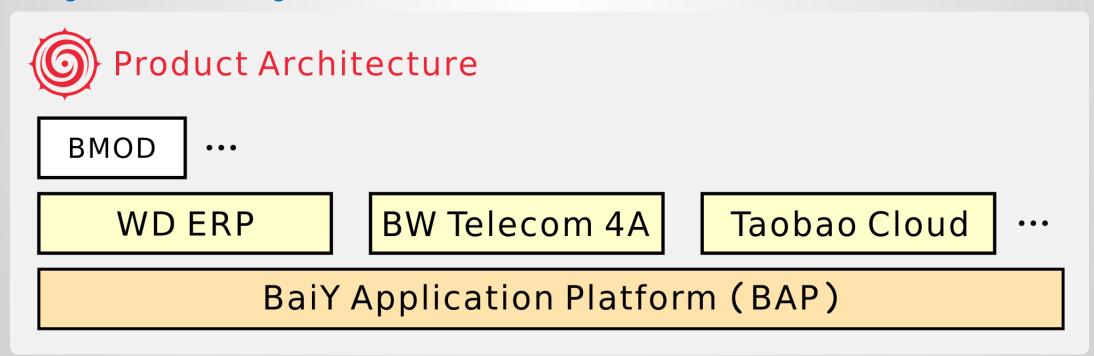
Technical Advantages

Introduction

• Shanghai PHILO-TECH has leading technology for cross-platform and efficient software development. Over the years, we have completed a number of self-owned products with independent intellectual property rights, such as BaiY Application Platform, BlueWhale Telecom Billing System, WhiteDolphin ERP platform, BYCDN and BYST. At the same time, we also undertook and participated in the construction of many major projects such as Taobao cloud computing platform (the predecessor of Alibaba Cloud), Shanghai subway reconstruction project, SIP softswitch system, ZhiYeJing.com talent platform, and intelligent IoT warehousing.





 See details: http://baiy.cn/doc/asp_whitepaper_en.pdf

- BaiY Application Platform contains millions of lines of assembly, C / C + + code and thousands of mature general-purpose components. It has been tested in the real production environment of numerous Fortune 500 companies. It has been used in multiple high-load telecommunications, Internet and distributed computing environments for more than a decade.
- Supports most mainstream operating systems such as Windows, Linux, BSD, IBM AIX, HP-UX, Solaris, MAC OS X, vxWorks, QNX, DOS, WinCE (Windows Mobile), NanoGUI, eCos, RTEMS, Android, iOS, etc.
- Support mainstream hardware platforms such as x86/x64, ARM, IA64, MIPS, POWER, SPARC and so on.

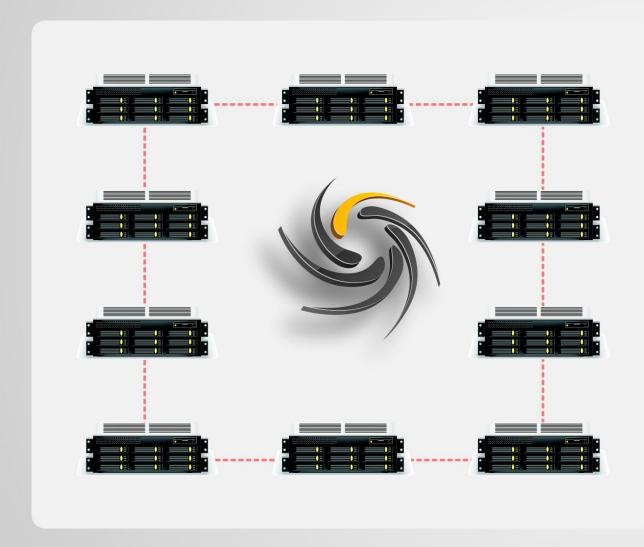
We have strong and consistent multi-active IDC high-availability, high-reliability and high-performance distributed cluster components protected by a number of national and international invention patents, core technologies such as distributed file systems that support real-time strong encryption and data compression. It can provide high availability, reliability and security guarantees for key services beyond Alipay, Google GCE, WeChat and other services.

Products based on the BaiY Application Platform can use the distributed database platform and data query and analysis engine independently developed by us to perform data storage and management. Its strongly consistent 6-copy technology across multiple IDC ensures extremely high data reliability.

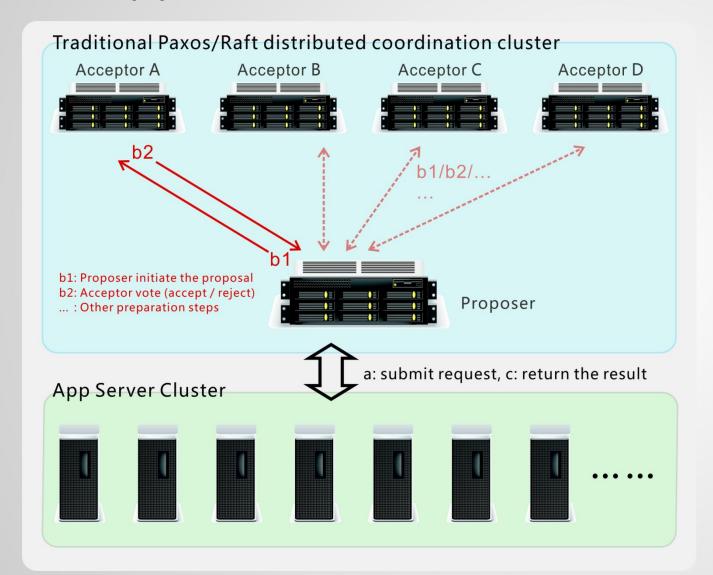
The Application Platform uses assembly and asynchronous IO to optimize the network service components. These components enable high performance network services through the memory zero-copy and asynchronous IO mechanisms via DMA + hardware interrupts.

On an entry-level 1U PC Server (with dual-socket Intel Xeon 56xx) manufactured in 2011 (at that time, the price of the machine was less than 20,000 CNY or 2850 USD), a **single node** can permit tens of millions of TCP / HTTP concurrent connections. Correspondingly, with the same machine, a general server development by Java or .NET can only support up to 3000 to 5000 concurrent connections, PHP is even lower.

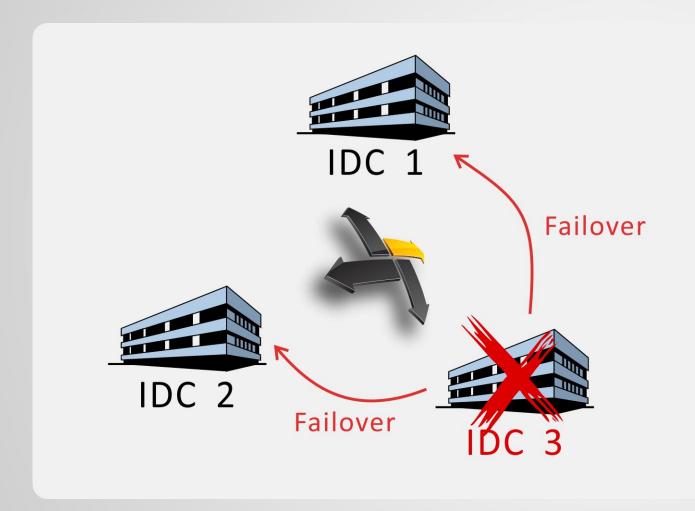
Thanks to the extremely high single-point performance and the distributed high-performance cluster architecture that can be scaled out on a large scale, the capacity of the product built based on the BaiY Application Platform has virtually no upper limit.



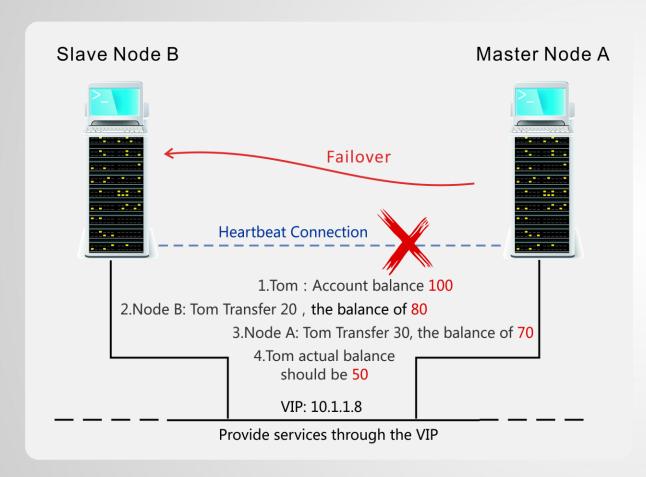
- Distributed coordination services provide functions such as service discovery, service election, fault detection, failover, failback, distributed lock, task scheduling, message routing and message dispatching.
- The distributed coordination service is the brain of a distributed cluster that is responsible for coordinating all the server nodes in the cluster. Make distributed clusters into an organic whole that works effectively and consistently, making it a linear scalable high performance (HPC) and high availability (HAC) distributed clustering system.



- The traditional Paxos / Raft distributed coordination algorithm initiates voting for each request, generating at least 2 to 4 broadcasts (b1, b2...) and multiple disk IO. Making it highly demanding on network throughput and communication latency, and cannot be deployed across multiple data centers.
- Our patent algorithm completely eliminated these overheads. Thus greatly reducing the network load, significantly improve the overall efficiency. And makes it easy to deploy clusters across multiple data centers.



- Based on our unique distributed coordination technology, the high performance, strong consistency cluster across multiple data centers can be implemented easily.
- Fault detection and failover can be done in milliseconds. The system is still available even if the entire data center is offline.
- We also providing a strong consistency guarantee: even if there is a network partition, it will not appear split brain and other data inconsistencies.



- In the traditional dual fault tolerance scheme, the slave node automatically promotes itself as the master node after losing the heartbeat signal and continues to provide services to achieve high availability.
- In this case, split brain problem occurs when both the master and slave nodes are normal, but the heartbeat connection is accidentally disconnected (network partition).
- At this time, node A and B both think that the other party is offline. As a result, both nodes upgrade themselves to the master node and provide the same service, respectively. This will result in inconsistent data that is difficult to recover.

Our BYPSS service provides the same level of consistency as the traditional Paxos / Raft distributed algorithm on the cross-IDC scale, fundamentally eliminates the occurrence of inconsistencies such as split brain.

Similarly: ICBC, Alipay and other services are also have its own remote disaster recovery solutions (Alipay: Hangzhou \rightarrow Shenzhen, ICBC: Shanghai \rightarrow Beijing). However, in their remote disaster recovery schemes, there is no paxos and other distributed coordination algorithms between the two data centers, so strong consistency cannot be achieved.

For example, a transfer transaction that has been successfully completed at Alipay may take several minutes or even hours to be synchronized from the Hangzhou main IDC to the disaster recovery center in Shenzhen. When the Hangzhou main data center offline, all of these non-synchronized transactions are lost if they switch to the disaster recovery center, leads a large number of inconsistencies. Therefore, ICBC, Alipay and other institutions would rather stop the service for hours or even longer, and would not be willing to switch to the disaster recovery center in the major accidents of the main IDC. Operators will consider turning their business into a disaster recovery center only after a devastating accident such as a fire in the main data center.

Therefore, the remote disaster recovery schemes and our strong consistency, high availability, anti-split brain multi-IDC solution is essentially different.

Due to the elimination of a large number of broadcast and distributed disk IO and other high-cost operation brought by the Paxos / Raft algorithm. Making BYPSS distributed coordination component also provides more excellent features in addition to the above advantages:

- Bulk operation: Allows each network packet to contain a large number of distributed coordination requests at the same time. Network utilization greatly improved, from the previous less than 5% to more than 99%. Similar to the difference between a flight only can transport one passenger each time, and another one can transport full of passengers. In the actual test, in a single Gigabit network card, BYPSS can achieve 4 million requests per second performance. In the dual-port 10 Gigabit network card (currently the mainstream data center configuration), the throughput of 80 million requests per second can be reached. There is a huge improvement compared to the Paxos / Raft cluster which performance is usually less than 200 requests per second (restricted by its large number of disk IO and network broadcast).
- Large capacity: usually every 10GB of memory can support at least 100 million ports. In a 1U-size entry-level PC Server with 64 DIMM slots (8TB), it can support at least 80 billion objects at the same time. In a 32U large PC server (96TB), it can support about 1 trillion distributed coordinating objects. In contrast, traditional Paxos / Raft algorithms can only effectively manage and schedule hundreds of thousands of objects due to their limitations.

In addition, Paxos / Raft cannot guarantee the strong consistency of data during the process of simultaneous failure and recovery of more than half of the nodes, and may cause inconsistencies such as phantom reading.

For example, in a three-node cluster, node A goes offline due to power failure, and after one hour, nodes B and C go offline because of disk failure. At this point, node A resumes power supply and goes online again, and then the administrator replaces the disks of nodes B and C and restores them to go online. At this point, the data modification of the entire cluster in the last hour will be lost, and the cluster will fall back to the state before the A node goes offline at 1 hour ago.

BYPSS fundamentally avoids such problems, so BYPSS has a stronger consistency guarantee than Paxos / Raft.

Efficient high-strength cryptographic components: includes basic functions such as public-key algorithms, symmetric encryption algorithms, data encoding and decoding, hash and message authentication algorithms, data compression algorithms, and etc.

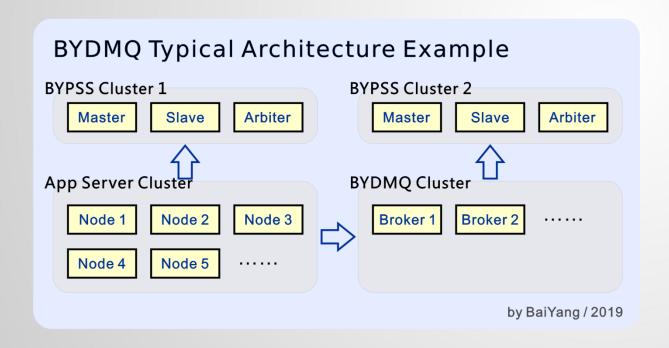
In addition, the application platform also provides a number of highly abstract advanced components, such as:

The Virtual File System (VFS) supports data encryption and compression on-the-fly. VFS supports dozens of strong encryption algorithms, including AES (128/256), SM4, TwoFish, etc., optimized using AES-NI, SSE4 and other assembly instruction set, with high efficiency. We use this component to provide on-the-fly data compression and strong encryption protection for the whole database and configuration categories in our products like BlueWhale, WhiteDolphin, ZhiYeJing.com and so on. It also includes strong cryptographic communication protection components based on Public Key Infrastructure (PKI) and etc.

The application platform also includes a Query Engine. Its ability is better than SQL language. Having own query engine gives us the <u>flexibility to switch between RDBMSs</u> such as MySQL, MS SQL Server, Oracle, DB2, SQLite, and NoSQL databases like MongoDB and Cassandra. In addition to making applications database-independent, the query engine also provides a variety of advanced characteristics that are not supported by SQL language, such as ARE (Advanced Regular Expressions) query with support for Unicode charset, join query with support for nested tables, mix query of business data and configuration data, virtual field query, and other <u>customized queries</u>.

The query engine was implemented using C/C++, and its hotspot codes were optimized using assembly language for mainstream hardware platforms. 13 million times of evaluation of expressions per second can be achieved on a ThinkPad W510 notebook (having 4 cores and 8 threads @1.6GHz) produced in 2010, using a single core and a single thread only.

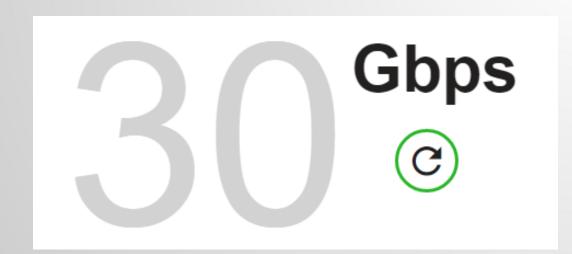
The BaiY Distributed Message Queuing Service (BYDMQ) is a distributed message queue service with strong consistency, high availability, high throughput, low latency and linear scale-out. It can support a single point of tens of millions of concurrent connections and a single point of tens of millions of message forwarding performance per second, and supports linear horizontal scaling out of the cluster.



BYDMQ focuses on high-throughput, low-latency delivery of large amounts of business messages. Through the use of mature and efficient network IO components, as well as automatic message packing, pipelining and other mechanisms, it significantly reduces command processing delay, improves network throughput, and effectively increases network utilization rate. At the same time, it also supports advanced functions such as specifying TTL, maximum number of retries and automatic dispersed delivery at single message level.

The BYST component provides users with an end-to-end secure tunnel service. BYST supports dozens of strong encryption and data verification algorithms, which can provide users with safe, reliable and consistent data communication tunnel services.

At the same time, thanks to our mature high-performance network IO components, batch message packing and unpacking mechanism, patented distributed N:M:N dynamic connection pool mapping, real-time data compression and other algorithms, BYST has significantly improved the network Utilization (high load ratio) and network throughput. In typical daily office scenarios (email, OA, file services, online meetings), BYST can save users up to 50% of network traffic, significantly reducing the cost of renting expensive dedicated line networks.



Different from all existing VPN solutions, thanks to the impact of the above strong encryption, batch IO packaging and unpacking, connection pool random remapping and data compression algorithms, BYST can be completely featureless (There are no clear text fields that can be analyzed, nor any flow characteristics). So there is no need to worry about being accidentally injured by the firewall.

At the same time, BYST is transparently compatible with various existing solutions such as OpenVPN, CISCO VPN, v2ray, ss, etc. There is no need to replace and redeploy existing solutions.

BYCDN can save 95% of the traffic cost and avoid lag. No App or hardware box is needed, No need to change the original architecture such as the application and CDN, just add a line of code to the page.

Relying on the above BYPSS components, BYCDN tailored a set of patented distributed, ultra-fine-grained real-time tracking, matching, and scheduling algorithms for the p2p CDN environment. The algorithm can simultaneously manage the massive online resources in a very fine granularity (data chunk level) at the same time in a very large-scale concurrent user scenario with real-time tracking, matching, analysis statistics and scheduling. It can greatly improve the real-time performance and success rate of p2p sharing, and significantly enhance the adaptability of the overall p2pcdn system to changes in unpredictable p2p network nodes and cache status.

Cooperate with our self-developed "Region/Country -> ISP -> State/City" three-level and five-layer peer matching algorithm, network QoS adaptation, and strong data encryption. BYCDN can provide secure and powerful data distribution capabilities for various services such as audio and video live broadcast and ondemand, file sharing, and online office. At the same time, it saves 95% of traffic and costs, and avoids the problem of lag (the more concurrent users, the smoother it is).

We do not rely on "trade secrets" to protect our core competitiveness. Instead, we use more open and transparent trademarks, certifications, copyrights, patents and notarization to protect our legal rights. Therefore, all of our technical details are disclosed in the corresponding documents. For details, please refer to the "BaiY Application Platform Whitepaper":

http://baiy.cn/doc/asp whitepaper en.pdf

And other documents, including Hacker News (the world's largest computer science news website), Google Blogger, CSDN, and cnblogs, many domestic and foreign media have reproduced or reported these papers. Compared with "strictly keeping secrets", we believe that a large number of peer reviews under openness and transparency, combined with the harsh tests in the actual production environment, are more conducive to the improvement of product quality.





發明專利之延伸註冊證

Título de Extensão de Patente de Inve

编號 N.°: J/003824 Direcção dos Serviços de Economia

頁Pág.:1/2 FOLH

延伸申請日期 Data do pedido de extensão: 2019/09/04

延伸批給日期 Data da concessão de extensão: 2019/10/23

專利權利人 Titular: 白楊







发 明 名 称: 基于 N:M 连接动态映射的网络连接加速转发方法



发 明 名 称: 消息端口交换服务系统

发 明 人: 白杨

专 利 号: ZL 2016 1 0323880.5

专利申请日: 2016年05月16日

专利权人: 白杨

址: 200092 上海市杨浦区控江路 2202 号

授权公告日: 2019年06月04日

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第1页(共2页)

Satur. António Campino Präsident des Europa President of the Euro Président de l'Office

CERTIFICAT

European patent Brevet européen It is hereby certified that a Il est certifié qu'un européen a été dél

European patent has been granted in respect of the invention l'invention décrite fascicule de brevet described in the patent specifica Etats contractants tion for the Contracting States designated in the specification.

Europäisches Patent Nr. European patent No Brevet européen n'

URKUNDE

Europäisches Patent

Es wird hiermit bescheinigt, dass für die in der Patentschrift

beschriebene Erfindung ein

europäisches Patent für die in

der Patentschrift bezeichneten

Vertragstaaten erteilt worden ist.

3422668

Patentinhaber

Bai, Yang

CERTIFICATE

(10) Patent No.: US 10,700,948 B2

(45) Date of Patent: (54) SERVICE-ORIENTED MODULAR SYSTEM

(71) Applicant: Yang Bai, Shanghai (CN)



(12) United States Patent

WW W W I I

REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE THE PATENT ACT (CHAPTER 221) CERTIFICATE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 35

I HEREBY CERTIFY that under the provisions of the Patent Act, a patent has been granted in respect of an invention having the following particulars:

: PORT SWITCH SERVICE

APPLICATION NUMBER/ PATENT NUMBER

: 11201808659V

DATE OF FILING

: 8 AUGUST 2016

PRIORITY DATA

: 16 MAY 2016 - PATENT APPLICATION NO.

NAME OF INVENTOR(S)

: BAI, YANG

NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) : BAI, YANG OF PROPRIETOR(S) OF PATENT

DATE OF GRANT

: 19 July 2021

DATED THIS 19th DAY OF JULY 2021



Renalee

Mrs Rena Lee Registrar of Patents Singapore



REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE THE PATENTS ACT 1994 CERTIFICATE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 35

RTIFY that under the provisions of the Patents Act, a patent has been granted in nvention having the following particulars:

> : SERVICE-ORIENTED MODULAR SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

知識產權署專利註册處

Patents Registry Intellectual Property Department



香港特別行政區政府

The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

WO 2016/169529

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1权,颁发发明专利

(期限为二十年, 自

と、终止、恢复和专

批予轉錄標準專利證明書

《專利條例》(第514章)

ECTUAL PROPERTY leping District

y 2016 (16.05.2016)

CERTIFICATE OF GRANT OF STANDARD PATENT BY RE-REGISTRATION

Patents Ordinance (Chapter 514)

茲證明下述轉錄標準專利根據《專利條例》第2部在今日批予:

I hereby certify that a standard patent by re-registration with the following particulars has been granted under Part 2 of the Patents Ordinance today:

專利編號 Patent No.: HK1259712

Bai, Yang

申請編號 Application No.: 19119473.7

s made to INID codes

專利所有人姓名或名稱及地址 Name and Address of Proprietor:



17.03.21

Safety and Reliability

 Products based on BaiY application platform can pass multiple technologies, such as strong consistent online replication (distributed file system), multi-version control system, disk snapshots, automatic backup and automatic recovery, strong data encryption, CHAP authentication, BYST end-to-end authentication secure transmission, TLS (HTTPS) security Transmission, and high-availability cluster (HAC) to ensure the security, reliability, stability and robustness of the service from various aspects such as data storage, network transmission, and node fault tolerance.

Safety and Reliability - Data Reliability

- It can automatically complete snapshot backups every day and keep disk snapshots within a specified time range. Snapshot data can be based on reliable multiple copy technology or multiple EC algorithms, which can effectively recover data loss caused by user misoperation or malicious operation. Backup snapshots can be stored alternately in different IDCs to further improve their reliability. With unlimited version control technology, it can easily audit and restore the historical state of the system.
- Data can be centrally stored in a virtual file system (VFS) independently developed by us with onthe-fly compression and strong encryption protection. Every time there is a change, the data can be backed up automatically. Before each data access, an integrity check will be performed, and if an error occurs, it will be automatically restored.

Safety and Reliability - Service Availability

- Based on our strong consistent and split-brain resistant multi-active IDC high-availability c
 luster (HAC) patent architecture, the overall service availability can reach 99.9999% (6 "9"
 s). Ensure that even if the entire IDC goes offline due to municipal construction, natural d
 isasters, human error, etc., it can complete the failover in seconds and automatically swit
 ch to other available IDCs to provide uninterrupted services.
- The strong consistency guarantee provided by the well-designed distributed coordination and data synchronization algorithms such as fault detection, service discovery, service election, distributed locks, and message routing ensures that cross-IDC failover will not cause data consistency problems.

Note: Our high-availability (HAC) and high-performance (HPC) distributed architecture and algorithms are protected by a number of national and international invention patents.

Safety and Reliability - Reliability Supplement

- Multi-active IDC technology with strong consistency guarantee is the key technology of modern high-performance and high-availability clusters, and it is also a major difficulty recognized in the industry. As examples: September 4, 2018, the cooling system failure of a Microsoft data center in South Central US caused Office, Active Directory, Visual Studio and other services to be offline for nearly 14 hours; August 20, 2015 Google GCE service interrupted for 12 hours and permanently lost part of data; May 27, 2015, July 22, 2016 and Dec 5, 2019 Alipay interrupted for several hours; As well as the July 22, 2013 and Mar 29, 2023 WeChat service interruption for several hours, and etc. These major accidents are due to product not implement the multiple active IDC architecture correctly, so a single IDC failure led to full service off-line.
- We have over 10 years of experience in the distributed computing field. We hold the related distributed architecture and algorithms which protected by a number of national and international patents. Thanks to these leading distributed clustering algorithms and architectures, we can deploy multiple active IDC cluster with strong consistent, high availability, and high-performance guarantee easily. We have been implemented the truly multiple active IDC cluster on full range of our products, providing our customers with unparalleled data reliability and service availability assurance.

• WeChat did not implement multi-active IDC, resulting in unavailability for several hours

微信全面瘫痪: 服务器故障 国内外均无法连接

中国网 www.china.com.cn 2013-07-22 10:02



中国网7月22日讯(记者 乔红康)7月22日早间,有大量用户反映腾讯微信发生故障,包括微信信息无法发出、无法刷新朋友圈、无法登陆公众账号平台、无法连接微信网页版等。

从网友反馈的结果来看,包括北京、广东、浙江、山东、黑龙江、河南等地区在内,微信均发生全面故障。有用户表示,目前他人在美国,但也连不上微信。

腾讯微信官方微博对此发布回应称,由于服务器基础网络故障导致出现收发问题,并表示正在恢复中。截至22日上午10:00整,该故障仍未修复。

近期,微信多次出现相关故障,仅在上个月就连续出现多次登录、公众平台、连接服务器等方面的故障。

• WeChat and QQ did not implement multi-active IDC, resulting in unavailability for several hours



凸 1.8万

腾讯微信团队 🎃

[] 1079

在逐步恢复,很抱歉给大家带来不便。

6604



工信部听取"3·29"微信业务异常情况汇报,腾讯:已处罚相关负责人

红星新闻 2023-04-14 21:28

红星资本局4月14日消息,据工信部官网,工信部信息通信管理局听取腾讯公司关于"3·29"微信业务异常情况汇报,要求腾讯公司进一步健全安全生产管理制度、落实网络运行保障措施,坚决避免发生重大安全生产事故,切实提升公众业务安全稳定运行水平。

对此,腾讯方面的相关负责人向红星资本局表示,3月29日凌晨,由于机房配套设施故障,部分用户使用微信相关功能时出现异常。事故发生后,微信内部快速拉起了专项团队,对问题予以解决,并进行全链条梳理、优化产品保障机制。

局将深入贯彻落实党的二十大报告关于提高公共安全治理水平的决策部署,统筹发展 管力度,指导电信业务经营者严格落实主体责任、完善保障措施、强化事故应急处置 行业高质量发展。

• Alipay did not implement multi-live IDC, resulting in multiple unavailability for several hours 支付宝故障最新消息。



Google cloud computing service crashes for 12 hours and permanently loses data



QQ mailbox does not implement multiple active IDC, and the service is unavailable on a large scale

就 QQ邮箱等产品大规模瘫痪 作出说明

发布时间:2015-03-20 更新时间:2015-03-31 来源:网络 作者:natty

关键词: 腾讯 公告 网络故障

技术资料 云计算 云服务器ECS rds 大数据 建站 com域名 软件安装 域名注册

1月21日中午消息,腾讯客服今日发布公告,就 QQ邮箱等产品大规模瘫痪 作出说明。公告指出,由于网络系统故障,QQ空间、QQ邮箱等16款腾讯旗下产品受到影响,目前相关服务正在恢复中。

今日早些时候有消息指出,本次QQ邮箱无法正常登陆的原因是,腾讯第三方登录服务器出现了宕机,但腾讯官方未就此作出回应。

今天上午,多家媒体及微博大号报道了腾讯多款产品无法正常使用的情况,不少网友调侃称 腾讯出事了,出大事了,年终奖发少了,技术把服务器格式化了!"

截至记者发稿,此次网络故障所影响的产品已经基本恢复正常。(木南)

腾讯公告原文:

关于网络故障造成部分业务无法正常使用的通知

尊敬的用户:

您好,非常抱歉,由于网络系统故障,导致您的部分服务使用可能受到影响,目前相关服务正在恢复中,请您稍后再使用,由此给您带来的不便敬请谅解!感谢您的支持。

Multiple failures of Alibaba Cloud data center cause service interruptions

尊敬的阿里云用户:

您好,杭州可用区D网络故障确认由于市政施工导致运营商光纤受损 ,现场正在紧急抢修,目前部分链路已经恢复,请您协助我们一起测试观察,详细情况我

们稍后给出。

细胞 阿里云

2014年

3月3日凌晨,阿里云开始出现大规模故障,位于华北地区的多家互联网公司的 IT 运维人员发现 后一批程序员群件公司加研。这起完机事故特殊了三个小时左右,事后观察了两个小时。

公告

阿里云首页 > 其他 > 【其它】关于华北2地域可用区C部分E0

【其它】关于华北2地域可用区C部分ECS 服务器IO HANG通报

北京时间2019年3月3日凌晨, 华北2地域可用区C部分 ECS服务器等实例出现IO HANG, 经紧急排查处理后 已全部恢复。目前我们已经全面排查其他地域及可用 区,未发现此类情况。

非常抱歉给您带来的影响!如有任何问题,可通过电设 工单随时反馈。感谢您的理解和支持!

针对本次故障,我们将根据SLA协议,尽快处理赔偿事 宜。

阿里云计算有限公司 2019年3月3日

阿里云官方公告

阿里云香港机房为何瘫痪12小时

2015年06月23日 20:53 未进于 射新网

事故发生24小时后,阿里云和运营商对事故原因和细节仍莫衷一是。甚至无辜的消防和电力部门 也被拉来躺枪。阿里云作为国内最大的互联朗云提供商是否已经准备好

相关报道

【附新用刊】以阿里妥去IOE

【大家谈】阿里曼:冲著第一而来

阿里云海外扩张规度 借迪拜拉进中东北非

中石化率手阿里曼 开启能源大数据

12306奉运火车重查调75%由阿里云分流

中国雅虎郎箱将关 阿里云接管

阿里帕如金服60亿建本线生活020平台

玛里CEO张勇:做生意的方式特深测改变

歌华歌手阿里、中影打造中国电视院线(更新)

阿里纳社CDN玩法

阿里当家 阿森银行第飞多器

这类数据中心的电力事故原本是国内外云服 务商普遍面临的一大问题,但用一位业内资深人 士的话来说,"12小时才恢复实在太久了。应该 几分钟就解决的。"

12小时的超长处理时间,以及过程当中阿里云与相关方陆续给出的五花八门甚至自相 矛盾的解释引发了用户的不满和业内的质疑,也暴露了阿里云在故障处理和公众沟通中存 在的问题。有部分用户甚至反映15个小时业务才恢复。

British Airways crashes system for days due to power failure in data center



• A Microsoft data center air conditioner failure caused Office, AD, VS and other services to be offline and unavailable for nearly 14 hours

Azure status

Last updated 48 seconds ago

Get a personalised view of the health of your Azure services

Go to your personalised dashboard >

▲ Multiple Services - Applying Extended Mitigation

UPDATE AS OF 15:00 UTC: Engineers have restored storage availability for the majority of impacted services, and customers should be continuing to see improvements to service availability.

CUSTOMER IMPACT: Starting at 09:29 UTC on 04 Sep 2018, customers with resources in South Central US may experience difficulties connecting to resources hosted in this region. A complete list of impacted services can be found below.

PRELIMINARY ROOT CAUSE: A severe weather event, including lightning strikes, occurred near one of the South Central US datacenters. This resulted in a power voltage increase that impacted cooling systems. Automated datacenter procedures to ensure data and hardware integrity went into effect and critical hardware entered a structured power down process.

ENGINEERING STATUS: Engineers have restored access to storage resources for the majority of services, and most customers should be seeing signs of recovery. Engineers are continuing to work on any residual storage impact to fully mitigate this issue. We are also working with the impacted service teams to validate their service health in order to update this status page.

NEXT UPDATE: The next update will be provided by 20:00 UTC 05 Sep 2018 or as events warrant.

• The failure of China's national foreign exchange system caused the suspension of foreign exchange business of all domestic banks for several hours



Shanghai Telecom's optical fiber was cut and several businesses including Tencent League of Legends (LoL)
were suspended for several hours



Safety and Reliability - Data Security 1

• Our self-developed virtual file system (VFS) supports on-the-fly data compression and strong encryption. It can provide strong encryption protection at the entire database level for all data, and supports dozens of industry-recognized strong encryption algorithms including AES, SM4, and BlowFish.

Note: Ordinary, encryption based on database records usually converts the same plaintext into the same ciphertext.

For example: if there is a field named "Name" in the user table in the database to store the name of the employee, and the plaintext "James" is encrypted and the ciphertext is "ABCD", then for the row by row (field by field) encryption algorithm, every time an employee named "James" appears in the table, it will be encrypted as "ABCD" (ECB-like mode).

All types of ECB modes have weak protection against cracking methods such as static analysis, differential analysis, and known (partial) plaintext attacks, and cannot ensure data security.

Our VFS uses an entire database-level encryption technology based on secure encryption modes such as CTR and CBC and strong encryption algorithms such as AES to provide mathematically provable strong security (reliability, consistency, confidentiality) protection. Even if it is the same plaintext, it will be transformed into a different and completely unrelated ciphertext, thus eliminating the above-mentioned attack methods.

Safety and Reliability - Data Security 2

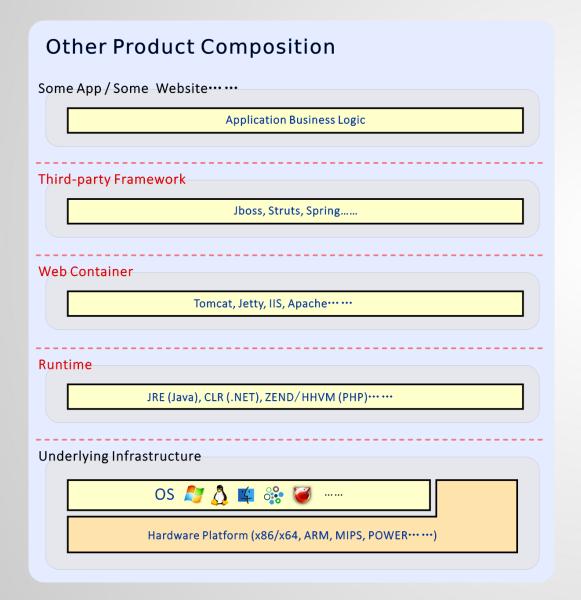
• The application platform supports the storage of user passwords with a salted secure hash value. Then this information will be compressed and strongly encrypted before being saved in the configuration storage.

 The support platform supports unified management of user permissions with a strict role-based authorization mechanism and access control list (ACL). After the entire database encryption function is turned on, even network administrators cannot peek into corporate data.

Safety and Reliability - Transmission Security

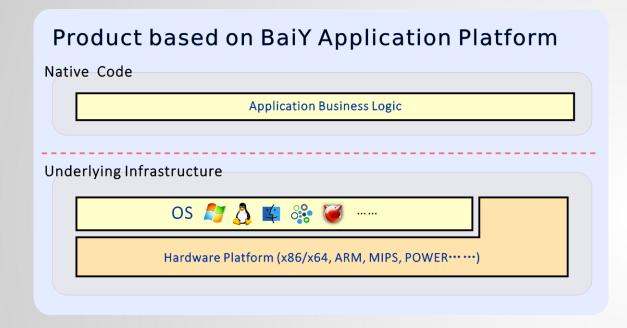
- Products based on the support platform can use digital certificates issued by recognized authorities to provide online banking-level TLS (HTTPS) network data transmission protection and BYST-based end-to-end secure transmission capabilities.
- User passwords are stored in the form of a salted secure hash. Use the CHAP authentication protocol based on SHA and HMAC security algorithms to complete the network authentication process. Even if it does not rely on TLS encryption protection (full plaintext transmission), there will be no key leakage.
- It can be configured to force the cooling for M minutes after the same user fails to log in consecutively for N times, and cooperate with intrusion detection and malicious request filtering technology to prevent brute force cracking. In addition, the administrator can also customize the password complexity requirements such as the minimum length, uppercase and lowercase letters, and numbers.
- EAL5+ level dedicated smart card can be used to achieve hardware-level security authentication.

- Environments such as Java (JRE), C# (.NET), and Tomcat have a large number of serious security vulnerabilities, and there are extremely high security risks. Through the CVE database published by the International Security Organization, it can be found that the above-mentioned products have multiple new vulnerabilities with the highest severity level being disclosed almost every year. For example:
- Java: https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor_id-93/product_id-19117/Oracle-JRE.
 https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor_id-93/product_id-19117/Oracle-JRE.
- Tomcat: https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor_id-45/product_id-887/Apache-Tomcat.html
- .NET: https://www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list/vendor_id-26/product_id-2002/Microsoft-.net-Framework.html
- etc.



- As shown in the left figure: The dependence on dynamic runtime environments such as Java and .NET, containers such as Tomcat, and thirdparty frameworks such as Spring have led to the introduction of a large number of additional thirdparty components that are not controlled by the developer.
- Obviously, products developed using dynamic languages such as Java, .NET, and PHP include multiple additional layers such as third-party frameworks, web containers, and dynamic runtimes between the application and the underlying infrastructure. These additional layers of third-party software that are not under the control of the developer contain a large number of well-known security vulnerabilities that can be easily exploited.

- Even ordinary users with a little common sense can simply find free and open source tools that can successfully exploit these vulnerabilities through search engines, and use them to invade corporate systems to complete illegal operations such as data theft, data tampering, and data destruction. Just try Google "vulnerability scan", "penetration tool" and other related keywords.
- It can be seen that the introduction of uncontrolled additional layers greatly increases the attack surface of the system and seriously increases the security risk of the system. At the same time, it greatly increases the workload of operation and maintenance personnel and increases the total cost of ownership (TCO) of the system.



- As shown in the figure above: products based on the application platform are developed using tools such as assembly and C/C++.
- Built directly on the underlying operating system and hardware platform.

- Products based on the application platform run directly on the underlying infrastructure composed of bare metal and operating systems with efficient native code (Native Code), bringing unparalleled space-time efficiency and security guarantees for software products.
- Since there is no need to rely on uncontrollable third-party components such as dynamic runtimes and web containers, the attack surface of the software and the hidden dangers of system security are greatly reduced. At the same time, it greatly reduces the workload of operation and maintenance personnel and reduces the overall cost.

Safety and Reliability - Security Supplement

- In recent years, there have been frequent security issues. Amazon, Walmart, Yahoo, Linkedin, ,
 OpenAI (ChatGPT), Sony, JPMorgan Chase, UPS, eBay, JD, Alipay, CTrip, 12306, Netease, CSDN,
 China Life Insurance, and major hotel groups (such as Jinjiang, InterContinental, Sheraton,
 Marriott, and Huazhu) and other well-known companies frequently report a large number of
 serious security incidents involving the leakage of user information, and security assurance is
 urgent.
- The application platform supports storing all databases and local configuration data in our self-developed virtual file system (VFS) that supports on-the-fly data compression and strong encryption for comprehensive protection. Support dozens of industry-recognized strong encryption security algorithms, even system administrators can not peek into corporate data.
- The strong encryption algorithm based on industry standards guarantees that even if there are supercomputers that can complete one trillion key cracking attempts per second in the future, it will take an average of 54 trillion years to crack a key. Safety has been greatly guaranteed.



思科: Java 成 91% 恶意攻击的主要原因



2018开源代码安全报告:每个代码库平均包含64个漏洞



王练 发布于2018年07月06日 收藏 3 评论 2

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2018 Open Sou Vulnerability an

With the growth of open Security and Risk Analysi security, license complian

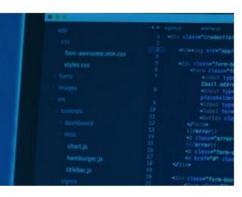
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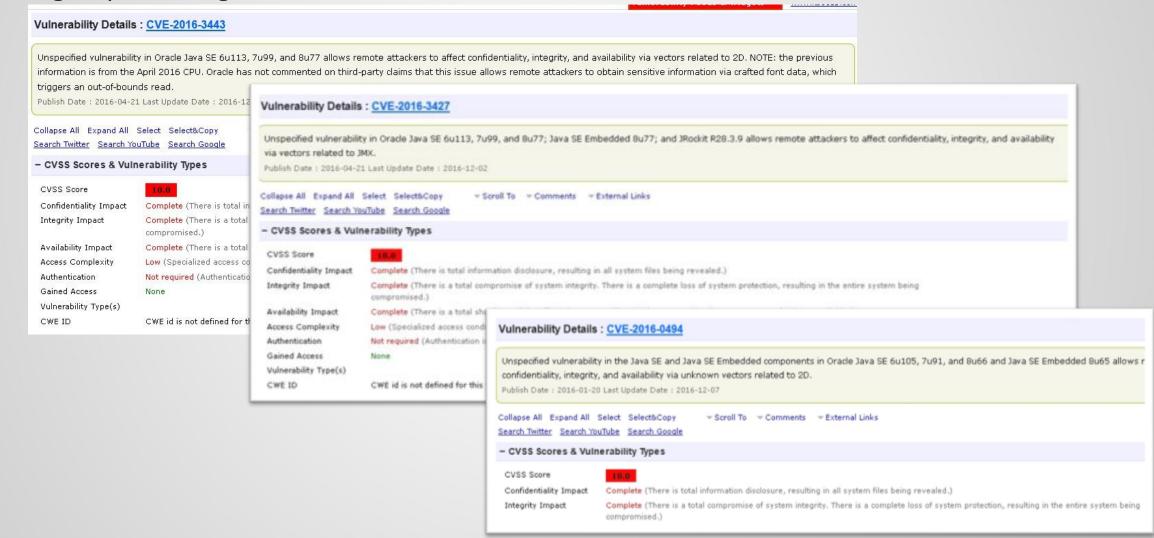
Industries represented in software, financial servio

Synopsys 公司近日发布了"2018 年开源代码安全和风险分析" Black Duck (黑鸭)报告,深入考察了商业软件中开源安全性,许可证合规以及代码质量风险的状况。本次报告讨论的是从 2017 年审计的超过 1,100 个商业代码库中的匿名数据所得出的结果,行业包括汽车、大数据(主要是人工智能和商业智能)、网络安全、企业软件、金融服务、医疗保健、物联网(IoT)、制造业和移动应用市场。

2018 Open Source Security and Risk Analysis Report



A glimpse of high-risk vulnerabilities in Java



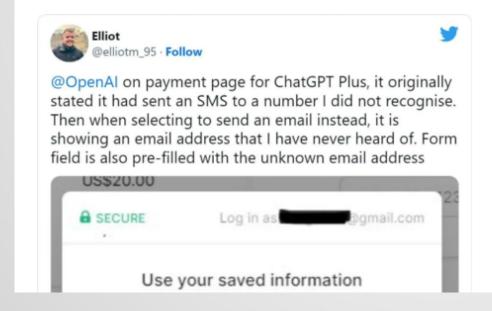
Security breach led to Yahoo leaking data of more than 3 billion users



Redis security flaws lead to ChatGPT leaking user privacy sessions



在上周一, ChatGPT 遭遇了一次用户数据泄漏事件, 许多 ChatGPT 的用户都在自己的历史对话中看到了其他人的对话记录。不光是对话的历史记录,不少 ChatGPT Plus 用户还在 Reddit 和 Twitter 等平台发出了截图,表示在他们的订阅页面上看到了其他人的电子邮件地址。



NetEase leaked data of over 100 million users

网易邮箱被曝过亿数据泄露



腾讯科技 👂 [微博] 梁辰 2015年10月19日15:39

我要分享▼

腾讯科技讯(梁辰)10月19日,有用户 路人甲 在国内安全网络反馈平台 WooYun(乌云)发布消息称,网易163/126邮箱过亿数据泄漏,涉及邮箱账号、密码、用户密保等。这一漏洞危害等级被标注为 篙 "。另有消息称,此次泄露规模或达5亿条的规模。同时也有人表示,已向苹果客服咨询,苹果客服称网易服务器被入侵。

不过,截至腾讯科技发稿时,乌云平台已将 网易邮箱 抹掉,改为 某邮箱 "。目前的漏洞状态为己交由第三方合作机构(cncert国家互联网应急中心)处理。

导致此次安全事件的原因,疑似网易用户数据库泄露,影响数量总共数亿条。乌云方面称,目前已通过乌云漏洞平台第一时间通知到网易。

乌云平台披露,目前泄露的信息包括用户注名、MD5(一种算法)密码、密码提示问题和答案、注册IP、生日等。据悉,解开后测试大部分邮箱依旧还可登陆。

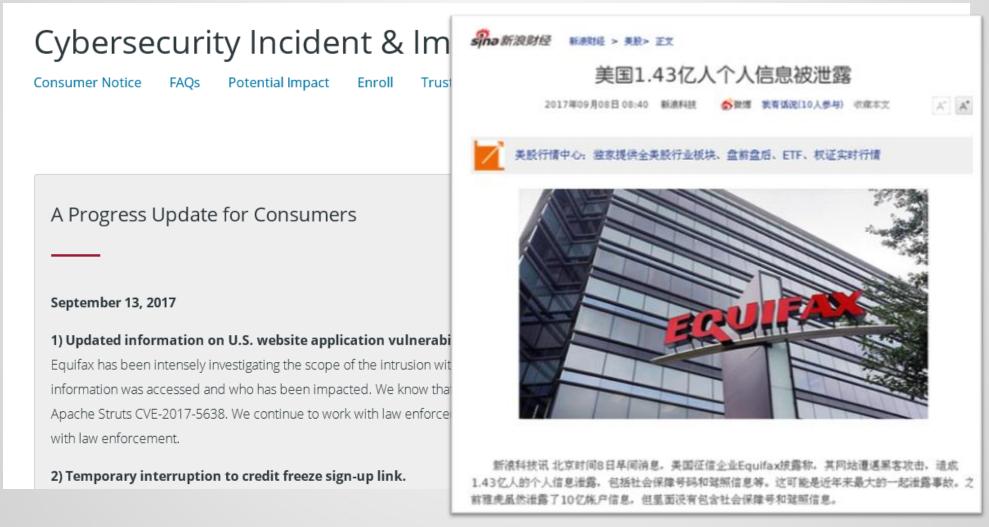
• Java Struts framework vulnerability causes sensitive data such as tens of millions of user account passwords and credit cards to leak



Alipay leaked tens of millions of user data



• Equifax leaked 143 million people's social security, credit card and other sensitive records due to Java Struts vulnerability



Uber concealed hacking and leaked data of 57 million users



Major security incident of WeChat Pay "Buy at Zero Dollars" caused by the XXE vulnerability in Java XML component



微信支付曝"0元购"漏洞 安全[

2018-07-04 15:04:57 来源:新华



新华社厦门7月4日电(记者颜之宏)3日,有网络安全机构曝光了一组? 技术漏洞,据称攻击者可利用该漏洞将自己伪装成微信支付平台,通过篡改 获得"0元购"特权。记者3日晚间从微信支付官方渠道获悉,该漏洞已修复, 度恐慌。









据网络安全专家谢忱介绍,从当前被公开的漏洞信息来看,网络攻击者 信支付官方SDK(软件工具开发包)存在的漏洞,将自己伪装成"微信支付图 通过微信的漏洞伪造与商户的直接通信,在篡改微信支付的正常通信信息后 换柱"的目的。

谢忱表示,正常的支付流程应该是由用户发起,经由微信支付平台到达 会有一个与微信支付平台确认支付结果的过程,而网络攻击者恰恰是利用了 "骗"过了商户。谢忱认为,一些商家的安全防护水平较低,攻击者还可通过 商户的密钥等信息,再通过这个漏洞就可以实现"将订单设置为0元"等操作, 导致该商户的消费者信息等数据内容泄漏。

网络支付安全专家于迪则认为,接入微信支付的商户不必过度恐慌。于迪表示,该

关于20180704微信支付漏洞的分析



一个不懂生活的人,正在补习前半生的失误

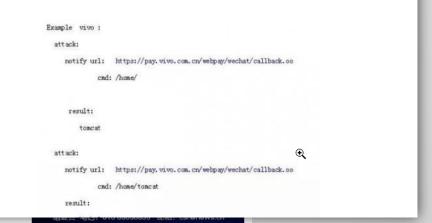
2 人赞了该文章

今天看新闻,说微信官方SDK有漏洞。

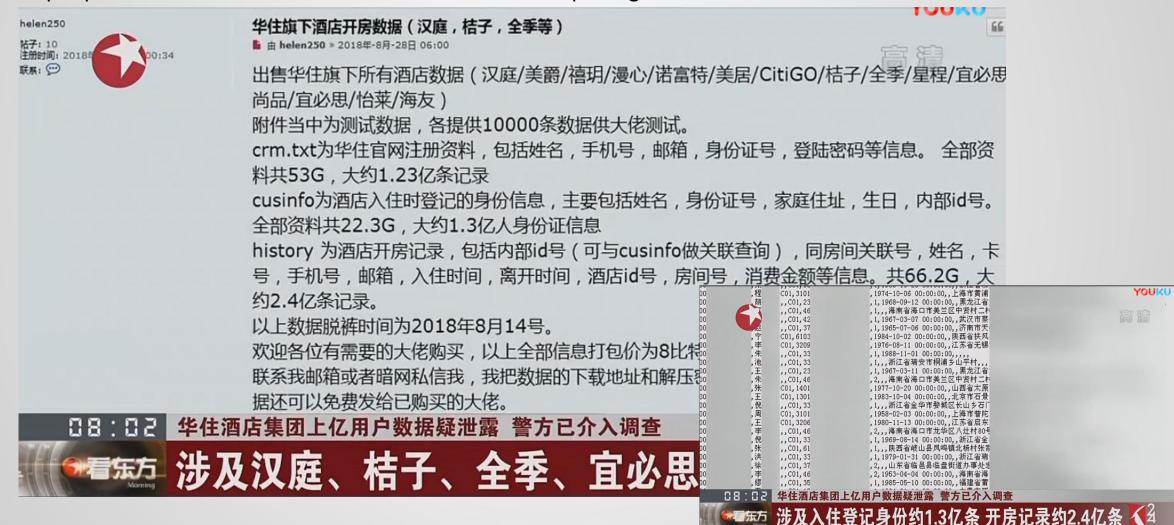
微信支付曝漏洞:可发伪造信息使购物无需付费

7月4日消息,近日有网友在国外安全社区发帖称微信支付官方SDK存在的严重漏洞,攻击者可通 过此漏洞侵入商家服务器,获得商家关键安全密钥,通过发送伪造信息来欺骗商家而无需付费购买 任何东西。

腾讯对此表示,微信支付技术安全团队已第一时间关注及排查,对官方网站上该SDK漏洞进行更 新,修复了已知的安全漏洞,并在此提醒商户及时更新。



• Many hotel groups such as China Lodging Group Hanting, Orange and other hotel groups leaked 130 million people's sensitive information and 240 million room opening records



• The Sheraton, Westin, W and many other hotels of the Marriott Group leaked the sensitive information and room opening records of 500 million people

